

Васильев М.И. БР3243 Вариант №43
№3

Y_1, Y_n i.i.d

$$F(y) = y/6$$

$$p_{Y_1}(y) = 1/6 \quad y \in [0, 6]$$

~~$$p_{(3)}(y) = 4 \binom{3}{2} \frac{y^2}{36} \left[1 - \frac{y}{6}\right]^{1/6} = \frac{y^2}{18} \left[1 - \frac{y}{6}\right]$$~~

Определим обл. для y , через усл. нормировки

$$\int_0^6 \frac{y^2}{18} \left[1 - \frac{y}{6}\right] dy = \frac{x^3}{18 \cdot 3} - \frac{x^4}{6 \cdot 4 \cdot 18} = 1$$

$$-\frac{x^4}{24 \cdot 18} + \frac{x^3}{54} - 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{x^4}{18} - \frac{4x^3}{9} + 24 = 0$$

~~Реш. через...~~

$$x^4 - 8x^3 + 432 = 0$$

$$P(1 \leq [Y_{(3)} - 3]^2 < 9) = \int_3^9 (p(y-3))^2 dy$$

№2

X, Y - распр. по Гауссу с $\mu=0$

~~$$\langle X^6 \rangle = \binom{6}{2} \langle X^2 \rangle = 15 \langle X^2 \rangle = 5/9$$~~

~~$$\langle Y^4 \rangle = \binom{4}{2} \langle Y^2 \rangle^2 = 3 \langle Y^2 \rangle^2 = 3 \text{ var}(Y) = 3 \Rightarrow \text{var}(X) = 1$$~~

$$\begin{aligned} \langle X^6 \rangle &= 5 \langle X^2 \rangle^3 + 5 \langle X^2 \rangle \langle X^4 \rangle = 5 \langle X^2 \rangle^3 + 15 \langle X^2 \rangle^3 = \\ &= 20 \langle X^2 \rangle^3 = 5/9 \end{aligned}$$

"var(X)"

$$\langle X^2 Y^2 \rangle =$$

$$X_1, X_n \text{ iid} \\ p(x|\alpha) = \frac{\alpha^k x^{k-1} e^{-\alpha x}}{\Gamma(k)} \quad x \geq 0$$

$\sqrt{4}$

$$\mathcal{L}(\alpha | \vec{X}) = \prod_{1 \leq i \leq n} \frac{\alpha^k x_i^{k-1} e^{-\alpha x_i}}{\Gamma(k)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\alpha | \vec{X}) = \sum_{i=1}^n k \ln \alpha + (k-1) \ln x_i - \alpha x_i - \ln \Gamma(k)$$

$$\Delta_{\alpha} \mathcal{L}(\alpha | \vec{X}) = \mathcal{L}(\alpha | \vec{X}) = k \ln \alpha + \sum_{i=1}^n (k-1) \ln x_i - \alpha x_i - \ln \Gamma(k)$$

$$\Delta'_{\alpha} \mathcal{L}(\alpha | \vec{X}) = -\alpha + \frac{(k-1)n}{x} = 0 \quad \mathcal{L}'_{\alpha} = \frac{k}{\alpha} - x = 0$$

$$\alpha = \frac{(k-1)n}{x} \quad \boxed{\alpha = \frac{k}{x}}$$

$\sqrt{1}$

$$(X, Y) \quad \hat{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -3 \\ -3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X' = X + Z$$

$$Y' = Y + Z$$

$$\text{cov}(X'Y') = 0$$

$Z \sim \text{N}(0, 1)$

$$\text{cov}(XY) = E[XY] - E[X]E[Y] = -1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{cov}(X'Y') &= E[(X+Z)(Y+Z)] - E[X+Z]E[Y+Z] \\ &= E[XY] + E[Z^2] + E[XZ] + E[YZ] - (E[X]E[Y] + E[Z^2] + E[X]E[Z] + E[Y]E[Z]) \\ &= (E[XY] - E[X]E[Y]) + (E[Z^2] - E[Z]^2) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow (E[XY] - E[X]E[Y]) + (E[Z^2] - E[Z]^2) = 0$$

$$D(Z) = 1$$

$$D(X') = D(X+Z) = D(X) + D(Z) = 3 + 1 = 4$$

$$D(Y') = D(Y+Z) = D(Y) + D(Z) = 2 + 1 = 3$$